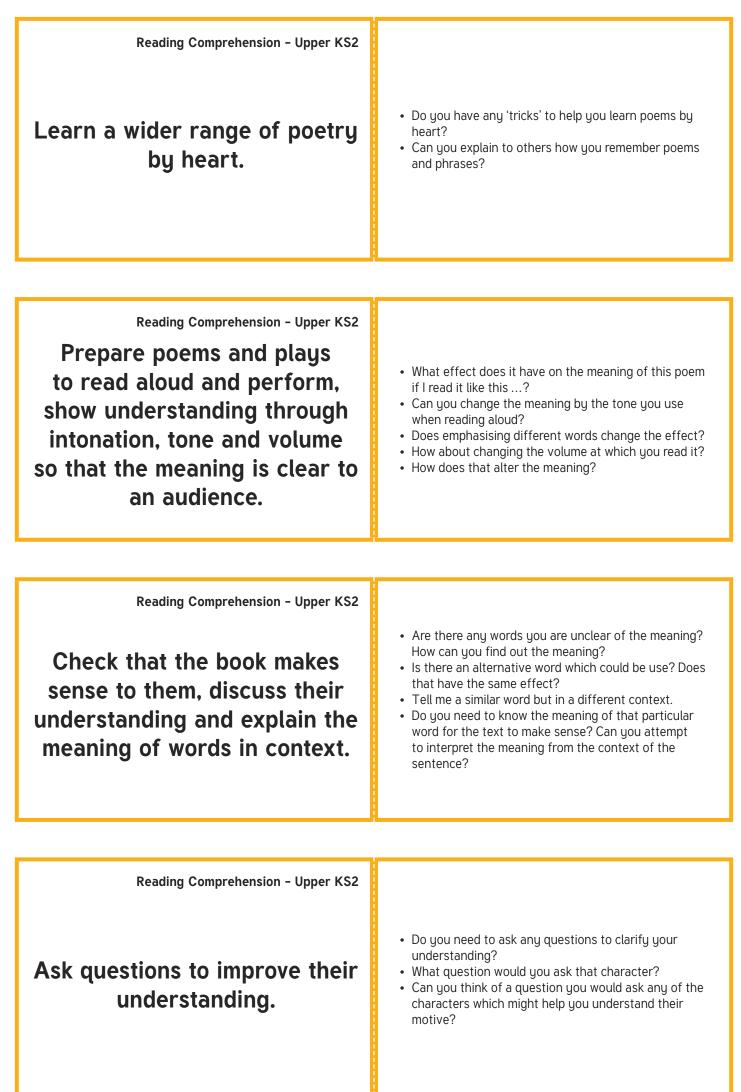
2014 National Curriculum **Reading Comprehension** Upper KS2 **Reading Comprehension – Upper KS2** Explain how that poem/text made you feel. • What words stand out for you? Describe what it means to you. Is there any part of it Continue to read and discuss that you can relate to? an increasingly wide range How did the poet/author create that feeling of ____? How was the humour/suspense created? of fiction, poetry, plays, non-• What did you think of it? • Which did you prefer and why? fiction and reference books or Does anything about what you have read, surprise you? If so, what? textbooks. • Explain which part particularly interested you. Why did it? **Reading Comprehension - Upper KS2** • Why do you think the author has presented the text in that way? What effect were they trying to create? Has Read books that are it been effective? How effective do you think that strategy is? structured in different ways · How is this different to the previous text? • Who do you think the target audience is? What make and read for a range of you think that? purposes. What type of audience would not appreciate this type of text? Justify your reasons. Reading Comprehension - Upper KS2 Increase their familiarity with a wide

range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions.

- How does this book/tale/story compare with the previous one?
- Is there a message/moral in the story? Explain your opinion.
- How does this differ with that genre?
- Which do you prefer and why?

Reading Comprehension - Upper KS2 Increase their familiarity with a range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retell some of these orally.	 Compare these stories. What do they have in common and what differences do they have? Comment on your preference of these stories, and give reasons explaining your preferences. Retell your favourite part.
Reading Comprehension - Upper KS2 Recommend books they have read to their peers, giving	 Which book would you recommend? What are your reasons? Which book would you not recommend, and why? Do you think it is a personal choice, or do you think others
reasons for their choices.	would appreciate that story?
Reading Comprehension - Upper KS2 Identify and discuss themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing.	 Does it have the same effect? What theme is present here? Show me where in the text. Can you prove it? What sort of text is this? How can you tell? Show me in the text an example of that convention. Does it remind you of a similar text you have read?
Reading Comprehension - Upper KS2 Make comparisons within and across books. Regent Studies ww	 Compare this book to the previous one. Does this author have a particular style? Find an example of their style. Does this text remind you of another? Explain which you prefer and why.



Reading Comprehension - Upper KS2 Draw inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justify inferences with evidence.	 How do you think that character is feeling? What makes you think that? Explain what they did and why you think they did that. Did their behaviour help/change/worsen the situation? Prove your reasons. Find the part of the text which implies that.
Reading Comprehension - Upper KS2 Predict what might happen from details stated and implied.	 How do you think this might be resolved? What would be the best outcome for this character, do you think? What makes you think that? How would that help? Would anyone not benefit from that ending?
Reading Comprehension - Upper KS2 Summarise the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identify key details that support the main ideas.	 Looking at that paragraph, what do you think the main theme is? What was resolved/decided in that paragraph? Sum up the overriding feeling the reader gets about that place/character, from that paragraph. Justify your thoughts using reference to the text.
Reading Comprehension - Upper KS2 Identify how language, structure and meaning contribute to meaning.	 Point out 3 words which tell us how that character is feeling. Which phrase tells us what the atmosphere of the environment is? How has the author structured the text and how does that influence us as readers? What is the author wanting to achieve by using that type of language? Is it effective?

Reading Comprehension - Upper KS2 Discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, and consider the impact on the reader.	 What impact does have? Identify the metaphors which appeal to the reader's senses/ imagination. Why has the author used humour in that section? How does the comparison to affect the reader? What is the author trying to create a feeling of? 	
Reading Comprehension - Upper KS2		
Distinguish between statements of fact and opinion.	 Identify a fact in the text, and an opinion. Explain what a fact is. Explain what an opinion is. Tell me the difference between fact and opinion is. When are facts used in texts? When are opinions used in texts? 	
Reading Comprehension - Upper KS2 Retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction.	 Identify three pieces of information you have learned from this text. How can you record what you have learnt? Prioritise the three main points from this piece of text. What is the main idea of this piece of non-fiction? 	
Reading Comprehension - Upper KS2 Participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, build on their own and others' ideas and challenge views courteously.	 What do you think about? Justify your thoughts. How has the author created that feeling? How do you feel compared to? Do you agree? Explain your reasons. How can you politely put your point across? What can you say to justify your thoughts? 	

